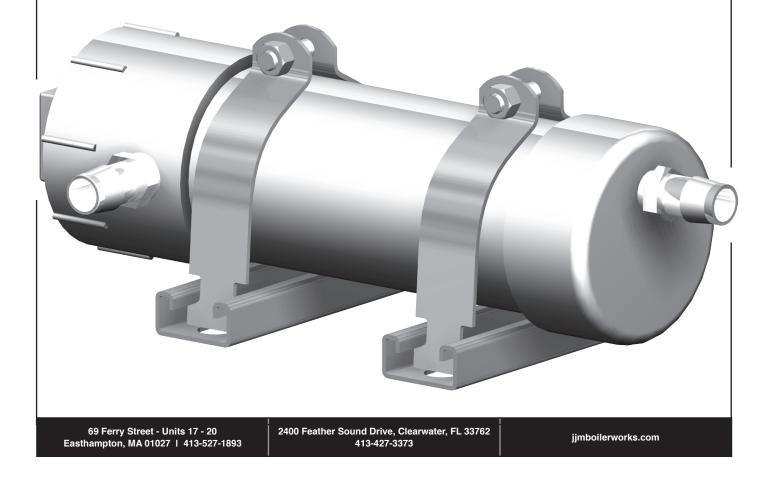


JJM Boiler Works, Inc. Ph Neutralizing Tubes & Tanks

JMSeries Installation Operation & Maintenance

Models: JM6 - JM50

Acidic Condensate pH Treatment Tubes







JJM Boiler Works, Inc. Ph Neutralizing Tubes & Tanks

Read before proceeding



Failure to comply with these guidelines could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Neutralizer and lines must be wet

• Before operating the boiler , furnace or hot water heater, fill the JM tube and traps with tap water. NEVER operate with tubes or P-traps dry.

Application restrictions

- Condensing boilers, furnaces, hot water heaters and flue pipe condensate drains.
- DO NOT exhaust flue gases through JM tubes, they are not rated for boiler or furnace flue gases. Operating JM tubes as exhaust vents can cause injury or death from carbon monoxide.
- Gas traps must be installed between the boiler, flue drains, and furnace condensate outlet and the inlet of all JM tubes.
- JM tubes must be installed below system P-traps, boiler, furnace, and breaching condensate drains.
- The use of Ferris and Copper piping on the neutralizer inlet or out is not permitted. The use of CPVC, PVC, PP Tubing, and Stainless Steel piping is the only material that shall be used.

Combined piping options

Flue pipe condensate drains

• Boiler/furnace condensate drain and flue condensate drain can be commonly piped to a neutralizer tube. Also, the flue pipe must be terminated so rain water cannot enter the flue pipe.

Recharge tubes regularly

- Tubes should be recharged when pH level moves below 5.0. The pH should be checked regularly (at least twice during the first year of operation) to determine the required recharging schedule.
- At minimum a recharge should take place at least once a year.
- Use only JJM pH Power Pellets, DO NOT USE LIMESTONE CHIPS.

What is pH?

The pH measurement of a fluid is an indicator of the acidity or alkalinity. Neutral fluids have pH of 7.0. Acid fluids have pH below 7. And alkaline fluids have pH above 7 (up to 14). The pH can be easily measured using digital pocket pH probe.

Condensate pH from condensing boilers and furnaces is typically around 3.2 - 4.0. The condensate pH needs to be increased (made more neutral) to prevent possible damage to cast iron soil pipe, ABS pipe, septic tanks, plants, wastewater treatment plants and other materials handling waste water.

JM-series condensate pH treatment tubes increase pH (reduce acidity).

JM-series fire side condensate neutralizing tubes are designed to raise the pH level of the condensate discharged by high-efficiency boilers, warm air furnaces and hot water heaters.

Each increase of 1.0 in pH is a 10-times decrease in acidity. The pH of condensate is increased by approximately 1.0 to 3.0 after passing through neutralizing tubes.

Applying JM-series neutralizing tubes

Condensate can be collected from flue ways and boiler/furnace condensate trap outlets. See WARNING section at left for guide-lines on application.

Match neutralizing tubes to boiler/furnace ratings. Consider using the next larter size neutralizing tube for boiler systems with domestic hot water heating.

Locate the neutralizing tube below the condensate connection and slightly above the floor drain or inlet to a condensate pump reservoir (if used).

Follow the guidelines in this manual, the boiler/furnace manual and all applicable local codes when installing, using and maintaining JM-series condensate neutralizing tubes.

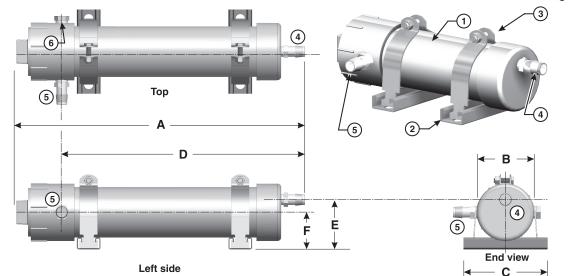
Installation sequence

- 1. Before installing boiler or furnace, determine if a mounting pad will be needed to elevate the boiler or furnace so that the condensate connection will be above bottom of the JM tube OUTLET. See Figure 2 or Figure 3. Provide a mounting pad for the JM tube if needed to obtain the proper elevation relative to a condensate pump reservoir (when used — see Figure 3).
- 2. Mount the strut channel to the wall or floor, insert strut clamps to the JM tube, tighten bolts & nuts.
- 3. Connect PVC piping from appliance or breaching drains to P-traps and then from P-trap outlets to either one of the two JM tube inlets.
- 4. Connect the JM tube outlet to house drain or condensate pump.
- 5. Use Teflon tape on all threaded plastic fittings.
- 6. **NOTE** Always consult the local authority regarding any requirements concerning flue gas condensate handling codes.



Installation Figure 1 JM-series condensate neutralizing tubes – features and dimensions

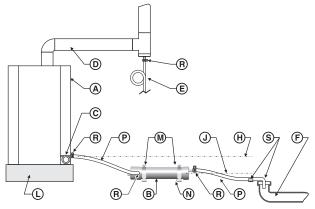
JJM Boiler Works, Inc. Ph Neutralizing Tubes & Tanks



RATINGS & DIMENSIONS (in inches)								
Model	MBH	GPH	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
JM-6	600	4.78	14.25	4	6	10.75	3.5	2.5
JM-10	1,000	8.00	19	4	6	16.125	3.5	2.5
JM-20	2,000	16.00	19.5	5	6	16.125	4.5	3.125
JM-30	3,000	24.00	24.5	5	6	21	4.5	3.125
JM-40	4,000	32.00	22.5	7.1875	10	19.25	7.5	4.5
JM-50	5,000	40.00	28.5	7.1875	10	24	7.5	4.5

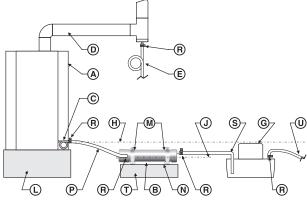
Item	Description					
1	PVC tubing filled with MgO Pellets					
2	Channel strut mounts					
3	Galvanized strut clamps, bolts and nuts					
4	Condensate outlet hose barb fitting	JM-6 to -10: ¾" hose barb x ½" NPT JM-20 to -30: ¾" hose barb x ¾" NPT				
5	Condensate inlet hose barb fitting	JM-40 to -50: 1" hose barb x 3/4" NPT				
6	Plugged — alternate location for condensate inlet hose barb fitting					

Figure 2 JM-series tube with floor drain, typical



- A Condensing boiler, hot water heater or furnace
- **B** Condensate neutralizing tube (or multiple tubes piped in parallel)
- **c** Boiler/furnace condensate trap connection
- **D** Boiler/furnace vent
- **E** Vent condensate trap, when used Install a trap as shown. Connect the tubing to a separate JM tube if appliances are common vented. For individually-vented appliances, the vent condensate drain can be connected to the appliance condensate drain line.
- **F** Drain or sump
- G Condensate pump
- H Bottom of boiler/furnace condensate outlet MUST be ABOVE condensate pump inlet connection
- J Bottom of JM tube condensate outlet
- L Mounting pad or structural platform, when required to elevate boiler condensate drain as needed

Figure 3 JM-series tube with condensate pump, typical



- M Mounting clamps
- N Mounting clamps must be secured to the mounting surface
- P Plastic tubing or PVC pipe When using PVC pipe, remove the JM inlet and outlet hose barb fittings and replace with threaded PVC fittings. Include unions in the piping to allow removal of the JM tube for inspection and service. Secure pipe or tubing in place. Protect with a shield if necessary if routed through traffic areas.
- **R** Use hose clamps at all connections when using plastic tubing.
- **S** Condensate drain termination at floor drain (or condensate pump reservoir inlet) secure in place with clamps. Follow instructions for condensate pump.
- **T** Elevate the JM tube on a structural base if necessary for the outlet to be raised.
- **U** Route condensate discharge line from to appropriate drain location.

Installation (continued)



Piping Options - Overflow by-pass piping

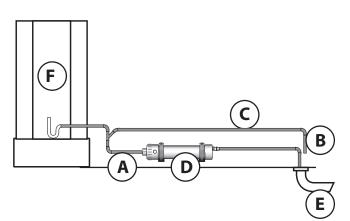
See Figure 4 and Figure 5 for installation with a y-fitting for an overflow by-pass line.

Locate the overflow discharge so flow can be easily seen. Instruct the owner to notify the service technician immediately if flow through the overflow line is frequent or steady.

Make sure the installation complies with all local code requirements.

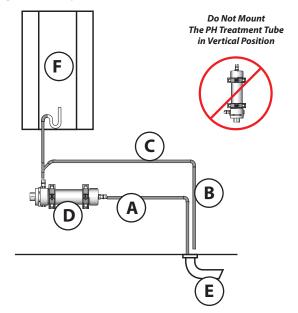
Piping for multiple boilers/furnaces/vent (see figures 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10)

Figure 4 Y-fitting by-pass with floor-mounted boiler (see legend at left)



- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** By-pass Drain
- **c** By-pass Piping
- D pH Treatment Tube
- **E** House Drain
- F Boiler / Hot Water Heater / Furnace Condensate Drain
- **Note:** Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.

Figure 5 Y-fitting by-pass with wall-mounted boiler (see legend at left)

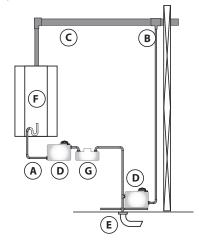


- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** By-pass Drain
- c By-pass Piping
- D pH Treatment Tube
- E House Drain
- F Boiler / Hot Water Heater / Furnace Condensate Drain
- Note: Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.



Installation (continued)

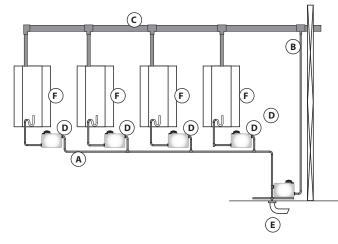
Figure 6 Piping for Single Heating Unit with Condensate Pump



- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** Flue Drain
- **c** Common Flue Vent
- **D** pH Treatment Tube or Tank
- **E** House Drain
- F Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnaces
- G Condensate Drain

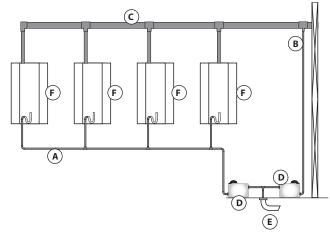
Note: Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.

Figure 7 Piping for Single Heating Unit with Common pH Treatment Tube or Tank



- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** Flue Drain
- c Common Flue Vent
- **D** pH Treatment Tube or Tank
- **E** House Drain
- F Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnaces
- **Note:** Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.

Figure 8 Piping for Single Heating Unit with Common pH Treatment Tube or Tank

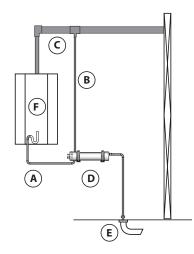


- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** Flue Drain
- c Common Flue Vent
- D pH Treatment Tube or Tank
- E House Drain
- F Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnaces
- **Note:** Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.



Installation (continued)

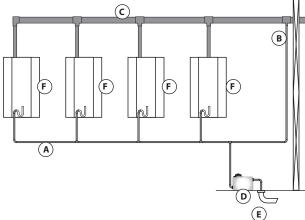
Figure 9 Piping for Single Heating Unit with Common pH Treatment Tube or Tank



- A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
- **B** Flue Drain
- **c** Common Flue Vent
- **D** pH Treatment Tube or Tank
- **E** House Drain
- F Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnaces

Note: Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.

Figure 10 Piping Multiple Heating Units/Single pH Treatment Kit/Common Piping



A Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnace Condensate Drains
B Flue Drain
C Common Flue Vent
D pH Treatment Tank
E House Drain
F Boilers / Hot Water Heaters / Furnaces

Note: Contact Factory for pH Treatment Tube and Tank Sizing and Pipe Sizing.

AWARNING

OUTDOOR INSTALLATIONS – provide and install electric heat tape on the condensate drain lines and around the JM tube to prevent possibility of neutralizer tube damage or line blockage due to freezing. Failure to comply with the following guidelines could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Maintenance

Inspect frequently

Installer — Instruct the building owner to frequently inspect the JM neutralizer and all condensate connections. The owner must notify a qualified technician if any problems are noticed.

Recharge as required

When pH tube or tank outlet falls below 5PH. Local codes may have different requirement, check with local authority.

Replacement parts

Contact your local wholesaler or manufacturer's representative for replacement parts.

Dealer listing at www.jjmboilerworks.com

69 Ferry Street - Units 17 - 20 Easthampton, MA 01027 | 413-527-1893 2400 Feather Sound Drive, Clearwater, FL 33762 413-427-3373